Final Program & Digest

2017 Changwon International Conference on Intelligent Robot and Convergence Industry (CICIRO 2017)

November 30(Thusday) ~ December 1(Friday), 2017 CECO, Changwon, Korea

Hosted by

Province of GyeongSangnam-do Changwon City

Organized by

Robotics Research Center for Robot Intelligent Technology, Kyungnam university, Korea

Technically Co-sponsored by

The Korean Society of Industy Convergence (KSIC) Institute of Control, Robotics and Systems (ICROS) The Korean Society of Manufacturing Technology Engineers (KSMTE) Korea Association of Robot Industry (KAR) Gyeongnam Robot Industry Associaition (GRIA) Gyeongnam Robot Land Foundation (GRF) Artificial Life and Robotics (AROB) Gyeongnam Convention & Visitors Bureau (GNCVB)

■□ Invitation Text □■



Sung-Hyun Han, Ph.D General Chair of CICIRO 2017

Dear distinguished scholars, ladies and gentlemen, I feel very honored and privileged to welcome all the participants to Changwon city, Korea, for the 2017 international Conference on intelligent robot and convergence industry(CICIRO 2017). As the General Chair of the conference, I an very happy and honored to open the CICIRO2017 here in Changwon.

The CICIRO2017 will bring together academicians and professionals from around the world to exchange ideas, discuss novel findings and new methods, reacquaint with colleagues, and broaden their knowledge. This conference covers a wide range of fields from robotics and intelligent control technology

to convergence industry. Especially, many research papers on artificial intelligence, advanced mechatronics, smart factories, as well as technical fields such as intelligent robots, IT and NT, which are the core fields of the fourth industrial revolution, are presented in the 2017 Changwon International Intelligent Robotics Conference. This will greatly contribute to the establishment of policies to foster the nation's future new growth engine industry and local specialized industries.

It is our great honor to have world-class scholars as plenary and Invited lectures in CICIRO2017. They are Prof. Balan Pillai(Helsingki Univ. Filand), Prof. Sung-Wan Kim(Seoul Nat'i Univ. Korea), Prof. Fumitoshi Matsuno(Kyoto Univ., Japan), Prof. Guoying Gu(Shanghai Jiao Univ., China), Prof. Ih-huck Song(Texas state Univ.,U.S.A) and Prof. Nguyen Chi hung(Hanoi Univ.,Vietnam). They will share their new theoretical results and thoughts on the fields of intelligent robotics, and convergence industry technology.

In addition, the 2017 International Intelligent Robotics Conference will provide a more efficient international industry-university cooperation network, and play a pivotal role in the development of the future new industry through international technology information exchange for advanced convergence industry.

Finally, I hope all of you who have visited the 2017 International Intelligent Robotics Conference will have good and rewarding time with the presentation of academic papers in Changwon. We sincerely hope that all the participants benefit from and have a fruitful time at CICIRO 2017 in Changwon city Korea.

Thank you very much.

■ Welcoming Address ■



Welcome to the 2017 Changwon International Conference on Intelligent Robot and Convergence Industry (CICIRO). It is no coincidence that this conference is being held here, in the city of Changwon, the cradle of Korea's largest high-tech manufacturing industry. I warmly welcome all the specialists in the field, and leaders of industry, who have come from around the country and around the world to attend this event.

As you all know, we are on the brink of a Fourth Industrial Revolution. Its scope and complexity are all-embracing. This revolution is disruptive, transformative, and moving at immeasurable speed. It is pushing us all to innovate. The challenges and possibilities this revolution brings are immense. In response, global competition and collaboration are intensifying, with an undeniable trend toward development of advanced IT convergence technology.

In this light, this international conference seeks to provide vision and direction for new growth engines by introducing and discussing new technologies that can create new demand in robotics, convergence technologies, and high-tech manufacturing industries. This conference also seeks to promote more efficient network of international industry-university cooperation, as well as play a pivotal role in the development of future industries through international information exchange for the advancement of advanced manufacturing technology.

During this two-day event we will hear from many experts who will enlighten us on what is happening in the fields of artificial intelligence, advanced machines, mechatronics, and smart factories. Some will share their research on intelligent robots, IT, and network technology. These areas are all core to and drivers of the Fourth Industrial Revolution. We hope their contributions to this conference can assist in the establishment of policies that help foster new growth engines and local specialized industries.

Over these two days we have much to look forward to. And so, I hope you find your participation at CICIRO 2017, and your time in Changwon City, a rewarding and enjoyable experience.

The best to you all! Thank you.

Park, Jae Kyu, Ph.D. President, Kyungnam University

II. Conference Organization

A. Organizing Committee

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Univ., Japan	Dong Hyuk Cha, Korea Polytechnic Univ., Korea
Katsuji Uosaki, Fukui Univ. of Technology, Japan	Chwan Hsen Chen, Yuan Ze Univ., Taiwan

III. Local Information

A. Host Province, GyeongSangnam-do

The Best Investment location

Realize your dream in Gyeongsangnam-do where the perfect infrastructure awaits you!







Traffic Network

7 stations in expressway and 2 stations in KTX (Korea Train eXpress)



Economic Zone

2 Free Economic Zones, 2 Foreign Investment Zones, and 1 Free Trade Zone



International ports (Busan Port, Gwangyang Port, and Masan Port)



Industrial Complex

4,874 companies residing in 7 national industrial complexes and 158 General industrial complexes

Gyeongnam

Population	3:334 million (As of December 2013) * Number of foreigners registered: 69,126			
Area	10.535km (10.5% of Republic of Korea)			
GRDP (Gross Regional Domestic Product)	KRW 95 trillion and 634.5 billion (the 3rd highest GRDP among all provinces of the Republic of Korea)			
GRDP per capital	USD 26,134 (the 6th highest rate among all provinces of the Republic of Korea)			
Economically active population	1.653 million (6.4% of entire economically active population in the Republic of Korea)			
Total Enterprises / Number of Employees	242,123 Enterprises / 1,250,462 Employees			
Trade Balance	Export: USD 51.9 billion (9.3% of entire export of the Republic of Korea) Import: USD 28.5 billion (5.5% of the entire import of the Republic of Korea)			
Foreign-Invested Company	200 Companies Number of Employees: 28,762 / Production: USD 34.991 million Export: 20,724 million			



B. Host City, Changwon City





2 hours to 3 hours and 30 minutes from major cities in China to Incheon, Busan and Jeju Island



Tourism environment

A multitude of transportation modes

City Tour Bus

The City Tour Bus takes the tourists to major attractions of the city on circular courses and 12 selective courses. Throughout the courses, all of the city tour buses will be accompanied by a guide to provide stories about major tourist spots

Nubija Bikes

Changwon, an active advocate of eco-friendly transportation, has introduced the bike lending program to promote the use of bikes. Tourists can get a one-day pass to use Nubija bikes.

Coastal Cruise

The Coastal Cruise departs from Masan Port Cruise Terminal (Pier 2) and sails to Dotseom Islet, Machang Bridge, Makgaedo Island, Namdo Island, Modo Island and back to Machang Bridge, providing panoramic sea views along the voyage



TRANSPORTATIO

I. Superior Industrial Infrastructure

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- The production base for global companies in high value-added industries including machinery, heavy industry, shipbuilding, aerospace, and robotics
- Arrangement for technical tour programs to companies that are relevant to conventions

2. EcoCity & Fantastic Tourist Resources

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- Successfully holding prestigious environment conventions, RAMSAR COP 10
- A scenic and natural location
- UNESCO World Cultural Heritage(The Tripitaka Koreana)

3. Convention All-Inclusive Service



- State-of-the-art convention facilities
- Convention multi-functional complex
- (Hotel, Shopping&Entertainment facilities)
- Customizable menu and global level of service

4. Solid and Professional Support



- Thorough support from beginning to end
- Experienced professionals
- Arranging systematic financial support program with Gyeongnam Convention Bureau

5. Easy Access & Various Accommodations



- 30 minutes(by car) from Gimhae Int'l Airport
- Regular operation of KTX, high speed train, between Seoul and Changwon
- More than 10,000 rooms from luxurious hotels within 30 minutes from CECO



D. Transportation



1. Air Transportation

Incheon Int'l Airport \rightarrow Kimhae(Busan) Airport	
(50min.)	There are about 5 flights per day.
Kimhae(Busan) Airport \rightarrow CECO (30~40 min.)	
Kimpo Int'l Airport → Kimhae(Busan) Airport (50min.) Kimhae(Busan) Airport → CECO (30~40 min.)	There are about 30 flights per day with 1 hour intervals.

Incheon Int'l Airport	http://www.airport.kr/eng/
Kimpo Int'l Airport	http://www.airport.co.kr/mbs/gimpoeng/
Kimhae Int'l Airport	http://www.airport.co.kr/mbs/gimhaeeng/

2. Train(KTX : High Speed Train)

Seoul → Changwon : 2 Hours 50 Minutes	
Station : Chanwon, Changwon Central, Masan(Within 15 Minutes from CECO)	

3. Express Bus

Seoul(Gangnam Express Terminal or East Seoul Bus Terminal) \rightarrow Changwon(5 hr) Busan \rightarrow Changwon(45 min.~1 hr) (20 minute intervals from Sasang, Haeundae terminals)

IV. Program Schedule & Session Timetable

A. Program Schedule

□ NOVEMBER 30th(THU.), 2017

13:00 ~ 14:00	Registration			
14:00 ~ 14:30	Opening Ceremony			
	< Room 302 >	< Room	n 301 >	
14:30 ~ 15:20	Keynote Speech Prof. BALAN PILLAI Helsingki University, Finland	Oral Session (1)		
	< Room 302 >	< Room	n 301 >	
15:20 ~ 16:10	Invited Lecture (T-I) Prof. Ju-Jang Lee KAIST, Korea	Oral Session (II)		
16:10 ~ 16:30	Coffee Break Time			
	< Room 302 >	< Room 301 >		
16:30 ~ 17:20	Invited Lecture(T-II) Prof. Han-Sung Kim Kyungnam University, Korea	Oral Session (III)		
	< Room 302 >	< Room 301 >		
17:20 ~ 18:00	Young Outstanding Reseacher Prof. Moon-Hee Lee Dong-Eui Institute of Technology, Korea	Poster Session (I) (II)		
	Welcome Reception			

DECEMBER 1st(FRI.), 2017

9:00 ~ 9:50	Preparation and Registration				
	< Room 302 >	< Room 301 >			
9:50 ~ 10:30	Invited Lecture(F-I) Prof. DANG BAO LAM Hanoi univ. of Science and Technology, Vietnam	Invited Lecture(F-II) Prof. Kang-Hyun Jo University of Ulsan, Korea			еа
	< Room 302 >		< Roon	1 301 >	
10:30 ~ 11:10	Invited Lecture(F-III) Prof. Jang-Myung Lee Pusan National Univ., Korea	Invited Lecture(F-IV) Prof. Young Jin Moon Asan Medical Center, Korea			
	< Room 302 >	< Roon	1 301 >	< Roor	m 600A >
11:10 ~ 11:50	Invited Lecture(F-V) Prof. Soo-Hee Han Pohang Univ. of Science and Technology, Korea	Oral S (ession I)	Oral	Session (II)
11:50 ~ 13:20	Lunch	Time			
13:20 ~ 13:30	Opening Ceremony	& Plenary	Lecture		
	< Room 302 >	< Roon	1 301 >	< Roor	<u>n 600A ></u>
13:30 ~ 14:10	Plenary Lecture(F-I) Prof. Sung-Wan Kim Seoul National Univ., Korea	Oral	Oral	Oral	Oral
	< Room 302 >	Session	Session	Session	Session
14:10 ~ 14:50	Plenary Lecture(F-II) Prof. Fumitoshi Matsuno Kyoto Univ., Japan	(Ш)	(IV)	(V)	(VI)
	< Room 302 >		< Roon	1 301 >	
15:00 ~ 15:40	Plenary Lecture(F-III) Prof. Guoying Gu Shanghai Jiao Tong Univ., China	Poster Session (1)	r Poster n Session S (II)		Poster Session (III)
	< Room 302 >		< Roon	1 301 >	
15:40 ~ 16:20	Plenary Lecture(F-IV) Prof. In-Hyouk Song Texas State Univ USA	Poster Session (IV)	PosterPosterSessionSession(IV)(V)		Poster Session (VI)
	< Room 302 >		< Roon	1 301 >	
16:20 ~ 17:00	Invite Lecture(F-VI) Prof. Young-Im Cho Gachon University, Korea	PosterPosterSessionSession(VII)(VIII)		ster sion III)	Poster Session (IX)
	< Intelligent Robot Forum > Topic : Fourth Industrial Revoution and Intelligent Robot (Prof. Sung-Hyun Han)				
17:00 ~ 18:30	<pannel di<br="">Pannel: Prof. Balan Pillai, Prof. Ju-Jang Lee, F Prof. Soo-Hee Han, Prof. Fumitoshi Matsuno, I Sung-Hyun Han, Prof. Young-In</pannel>	scussion> Prof. Dang Ba Prof. Guoying n Cho, Prof.	ao Lam, Prof g Gu, Prof. Iı Young Jin N	. Jang-Myu n-Hyouk So Noon	ing Lee, ong, Prof.
18:30 ~ 20:30	Banquit				

V. Keynote Speech

A. Keynote Speech I



November 30(THU) 14:30 ~ 15:20[Chair : Ju-Jang Lee]Professor BALAN PILLAIAffiliation: Helsingki University, FinlandTitle : ALGORITHM BASED SEMANTIC SYSTEM
SET-UP FOR INTERNET

Abstract : The technological change can definitely put up an impact quickly; it always happens incrementally. The Uber and its concept - disrupted the taxi business overnight; though it wasn't likely before the Internet, high-speed mobile communications, Cloud computing, Big Data, distributed Storage and advanced Data Analytics enabled its platform. KPMG is investing a lot in cognitive technologies; counting IBM Watson to supercharge the audit capabilities. Are these all idiosyncrasies - not really! In the millennium, the telecommunications industry; is abuzz with megabits per minutes, gigabits, terabits and so. Those working in the forefront of the technologies involved; are getting used to the power of exponents, as major advances are happening in silicon, routing, switching, radio frequencies, and fiber optics.

Identified that the payer needs to know, no matter what has done at the Internet as communication to the public? The outcome of this spending on the Internet, at all, has to be massively sighted, smartly analyzed, synchronized, and evaluated. It should also cleverly rout with pragmatic impacts? This paper thereby process and address as to how that works seamlessly. There are several of them every second on the Net. An analyzing method is formed and called as Web Analytic. This tool is not any more new or narrative. However, this paper would show here; a new form of identification and interpretation in using the Semantic Infrastructure attached to it with Lambda Computer Modeling, then it becomes as novel diffusion. Most of the Web Analytic is associated with the Big Data players in the field, such as IBM, Google, Microsoft and few others. We may not go into details here. There are plenty of spaces to play a story rule. A genius process we have created as a novel proposition.

The doctrine is a thread to exigency. What is discussed here is bit dissimilar. Present concept is put under a patent-pending form. Fundamentally, a drive propels the system at the net in a flow-pattern. This is an all inclusive grid platform. The system would run from here yet again back-and-forth securely and between the systems-to-systems at the clouds.

Keywords : Idiosyncrasy, web analytic, grid platform, security, system, semantic infrastructure, ontology, clouds

VI. Plenary Lecture

A. Plenary Lecture I



December 1(FRI) 13:30 ~ 14:10

[Chair : Ju-Jang Lee]

Professor Sungwan Kim

Affiliation: Dept. of Biomedical Engineering Seoul National University College of Medicine Seoul, South Korea

Title : From Aerospace Engineering to BioMedical Engineering with Emphasis on Medical Robots

Abstract : Recent Research & Development (R&D) efforts on Medical Robots at Seoul National University (SNU) College of Medicine and SNU Hospital are presented. For surgical robot, two innovative ideas motivated from Aerospace technology are addressed. Those ideas are patented in the United States as well as South Korea. The several proto-types have been developed to demonstrate those feasibilities and those are getting surgeon's attention now. Further, research outcomes are documented as journal articles. Then, rehabilitation robot is explained and the first proto-type, named as SNUExo, is described followed by mirror robot as well as Brain Machine Interface (BMI) based rehab robot. Various other robot- & aerospace- based technologies are also covered in this presentation.

B. Plenary Lecture II

December 1(FRI) 14:10 ~ 14:50[Chair : Jang-Myung Lee]Professor Fumitoshi MatsunoAffiliation: Kyoto University, JapanTitle : Bio inspired robotic and its application to rescue
and recovery

Abstract : Our ILaboratory has been engaged in two broad and connected areas of research that relate to each other and the human surroundings:; ""bBio-inspired Rrobotics"" and ""Rrescue Rrobotics."". Living thingscreatures have been survived and been optimized by natural selection. An uUnderstanding of the functions of living things is very useful toin createing a new artificial robots. In our lab, we are interested in analysis ofzing the beautiful skills and behaviors of living things, and we are trying to find solutions forto the following questions, among others: Why can a living snakes move without legs?, Why do quadrupedlegged living things change their gaitte patterns (for example, Walkwalk, Trottrot,

Gallop gallopfor a horse) due todepending on their moving speed of movement?, What is the mechanism of the flocking mechanism of huge numberbehaviors of birdss and fished?, How cando small ants buildproduce a big anthill?, Why can human beings can walk with two legs?, etc. Based on theour understanding of these phenomena, we can apply our knowledge to create of robots andto solve industrial problems in industry.

We believe that rescue robot systems Lisare another important application of robotic technology. When I was with During my time as an employee at Kobe University, I missed aone of my masters' student, Mr. Motohiro Kisoi, was killed byin the Great Hanshin-Awaji Earthquake on January 17, 1995. After Since this tragic event, I have been putting my heart into the development of useful rescue robot systems and creation of rescue engineering. WhenIn the Great East Japan Earthquake occurred in 2011, we dispatched and utilized grand the rescue robots KOHGA3 to inspection of damaged buildings inat Hachinohe and Aomori, and we dispatched underwater robots for to searching for bodies inat Minamisanriku, Miyagi, and Rikuzentakata in Iwate. My dream is to establish an international rescue robot team, like the popular TV show "Thunderbirds," withusing advanced robotic technologiesy. If we can dispatch rescue robots from Japan to disaster sites everywhere in the world for disaster response and recovery, it will be is a strong contribution to the world.

In this keynote speech I would like to introduce our research activities.

Biography : Fumitoshi Matsuno received the Dr. Eng. degree from Osaka University in 1986. In 1986 he joined the Department of Control Engineering, Osaka University. He became a Lecturer in 1991 and an Associate Professor in 1992, in the Department of Systems Engineering, Kobe University. In 1996 he joined the Department of Computational Intelligence and Systems Science, Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Science and Engineering, Tokyo Institute of Technology as an Associate Professor. In 2003 he became a Professor in the Department of Mechanical Engineering and Intelligent Systems, University of Electro-Communications, Tokyo. Since 2009, he has been a Professor in the Department of Mechanical Engineering and Science, Kyoto University. He holds also posts of the Vice-President of the Institute of Systems, Control and Information Engineers (ISCIE) and the Vice-President of NPO International Rescue System Institute (IRS). His current research interests lie in robotics, swarm intelligence, control of distributed parameter system and nonlinear system, and rescue support system in disaster. Dr. Matsuno received many awards including the Outstanding Paper Award in 2001, 2006 and 2017, Takeda Memorial Prize in 2001 and Tomoda Memorial Prize in 2017 from the Society of Instrument and Control Engineers (SICE), the Prize for Academic Achievement from Japan Society of Mechanical Engineers (JSME) in 2009, and the Best Paper Award in 2013 from Information Processing Society of Japan. He is a Fellow member of the SICE, the JSME, the Robotics Society of Japan (RSJ) and a member of the IEEE among other organizations. He served as a co-chair of IEEE RAS Technical Committee on Safety, Security, and Rescue Robotics (SSRR), an Editor-in-Chief of Journal of RSJ, an Editor of Journal of Intelligent and Robotic Systems, a chair of Steering Committee of SICE Annual Conference, a General Chair of IEEE SSRR2011 and IEEE/SICE SII2011, SWARM2015, SWARM2017 etc. He is

an Editor of Journal of Robotics, an Associate Editor of Advanced Robotics, International Journal of Control, Automation, and Systems, etc. and on the Conf. Editorial Board of IEEE CSS.

C. Plenary Lecture III



December 1(FRI) 15:00 ~ 15:40 [Chair : Sung-Wan Kim]
Professor Guoying Gu
Affiliation: Institute of Robotics, School of Mechanical Engineering Shanghai Jiao Tong University
Title + Decent development of soft meterial relation at SUTU

Title : Recent development of soft material robotics at SJTU

Abstract : Soft robotics based on soft functional materials is an emerging technology in the field of robotics, which makes the design, fabrication and control approaches for traditional rigid robots not applicable. In this talk, I will firstly introduce the state-of-the-art of soft robotics, and mainly present the recent achievements in our lab at SJTU, emphasizing the key points of working principle, key components and preliminary prototypes of different soft robots. Lastly, I will summarize the challenges and opportunities for the further studies in terms of mechanism design, manufacturing, dynamics modeling and control.

Brief CV : Guoying Gu received the Ph.D. degree in Mechatronic Engineering from Shanghai Jiao Tong University (SJTU), Shanghai, China, in 2006 and 2012, respectively.

He was a Visiting Scholar at Concordia University, Montreal, Canada, and National University of Singapore, Singapore. Supported by the Alexander von Humboldt Foundation, he was as a Humboldt Fellow at University of Oldenburg, Oldenburg, Germany. Since October 2012, he has worked at SJTU, where he is currently appointed as an Associate Professor. His research interests include soft robotics and high-precision motion control. He is the author or co-author of over 60 publications (including more than 40 SCI-indexed papers), which have appeared in journals, as book chapters and in conference proceedings.

Dr. Gu is a member of the IEEE and ASME. Now he severs as Associate Editor of International Journal of Advanced Robotic Systems. He has also severed for several international conferences as Associate Editor or a program committee member.



December 1(FRI) 15:40 ~ 16:20[Chair : Kang-Hyun Jo]Professor In-Hyouk SongAffiliation: Texas State University, USATitle : Vertically Movable Gate Field Effect Transistor for
Low-frequency Vibration Monitoring System

Abstract : The demand of MEMS products has gradually increased and replaced traditional sensors due to size, cost and integration convenience compared to traditional sensors. MEMS based sensors and actuators have been used in many applications including automobiles, display, and life science. As developing microfabrication technology, a variety of materials, such as polymer, metal, poly-silicon, etc., have been studied and employed for forming functioning devices. Among them, silicon (Si) wafer is still dominant in MEMS due to convenience of integration with electronics and excellent mechanical and electrical properties. The use of a Si microcomponent not only enables the integration of thousands of functioning electrical devices onto a single chip but also provides a means of interconnecting it with micromechanical components in an inexpensive manner. As an active sensing element, a suspended gate FET called a vertically movable gate field effect transistor (VMGFET), whose gate move in vertical direction to the plane of substrate, is presented. The gate structure of the VMGFET is formed with single crystalline silicon using a device layer of SOI wafer. In the presentation, the principle of VMGFET is introduced and the fabrication processes are discussed with the advantages of employment of SOI wafer. The electrical and mechanical characterizations of the fabricated VMGFET are presented for low-frequency vibration monitoring application.

Biography : Dr. In-Hyouk Song is an associate professor in Department of Engineering Technology at the Texas State Dallas. He received the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in electrical engineering from Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, in 2002 and in 2005, respectively. He had worked at National Research Council of Canada (CNRC – NRC) before joining Texas State University in 2010. His current research interests include MEMS sensors and actuators, including accelerometer, ultrasonic transducer, electrostatic actuators, and polymer based bio/chemical sensors.

VI. Invited Lecture

A. Invited Lecture I



November 30(THU)15:20 ~ 16:10[Chair : Kang-Hyun Jo]Professor Ju-Jang Lee

Affiliation: Dept. of Electrical Engineering, KAIST

Title : Robust Fault-Tolerant Control for Underactuated Robot Manipulators

Abstract: This article addresses a robust fault-tolerant contol for underactuated robot manipulators faced with actuator failures and uncertainties. This paper deals with two control issues in manipulator contol fields, namely, the joint space control and Cartesian space control. For the joint space control of underactuated robot manipulators, a robust adaptive control scheme with fault tolerance is proposed using the brakes equipped at passive joints, in the presence of parametric uncertainty and external disturbances. The proposed joint control scheme has two control modes with a passive joint control and active joint control, and one braking mode to lock all passive joints at their desired set-points. In this case it is assumed that the passive joints do not have actuators but are equipped with brakes. For the Cartesian space control of robot manipulators with free-swining passive joints, a robust adaptive control scheme with fault tolerance is also proposed. This scheme is suitable for some joints with failed actuators and/or brakes as well as passive joints without actuators or brakes. In order to overcome the dynamic singularity problem for a nominal decoupling matrix (input matrix of the controller) used in the presented Cartesian contoller, a singularity-free Cartesian path planning is achieved via a computer simulation. The proposed joint and Cartesian space control schemes do not need a priori knowledge of the accurate dynamic parameters and the exact uncertainty bounds. To illustrate the feasibility and robustness of the proposed control schemes, simulation studies are performed for a three-link planar robot manipulator with a passive joint, under parametric uncertainty and external disturbances.

Control of nonholonomic underactuated robot systems

 Growing attention in recent years, and it has many practical application fields.

What is an Underactuated Robot Manipulator?

Number of joint actuators < Number of total joints



KAIST

Ju-Jang Lee

B. Invited Lecture II



November 30(THU) 16:30 ~ 17:20[Chair : Kang-Hyun Jo]Professor Han Sung KimAffiliation: School of Mechanical Engineering

Kyungnam University, Korea

Title : Parallel Robot Technology and Applications

Abstract: Parallel robot manipulator has a moving platform connected to a fixed base by at least two serial kinematic chains called legs, comparing serial robot manipulator with a single kinematic chain. Since heavy actuators locate near or at the fixed base, a parallel robot has much smaller moving inertia than that of a serial robot counterpart and has high speed and high acceleration capabilities. Also, since external force and moment at the moving platform is supported by several legs, a parallel robot has large payload and high stiffness/mass ratio. Finally, since errors in actuators and parts are not accumulated and are distributed to several legs, a parallel robot has high accuracy. Perhaps best known is the six degrees-of-freedom Gough-Stewart platform with linear actuators and links that are only under tension and compression. It has the disadvantages of complex forward kinematics, a small workspace, and many components. Parallel manipulators with less than 6 DOF can alleviate these shortcomings. They typically cost less and are appropriate for various specific applications. The most common geometries provide 4-DOF (3 translational and 1 rotational DOF) such as a Delta parallel robot.

This plenary lecture is organized as follows. First, the characteristics of a parallel robot is explained comparing that of a serial robot. Second, main applications of parallel robots are introduced, which can maximize the advantages, such as high payload, high speed, high acceleration, high payload, high reliability, and high accuracy. Third, brief introductions to forward/inverse kinematics, Jacobian analysis, singularity analysis, dynamics analysis, and optimal design are given using the example of a Delta robot. Finally, several parallel robot

mechanisms developed at Robotics & Mechanism Design Lab in Kyungnam University are presented.

Biography: Han Sung Kim received the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in Mechanical Engineering from Yonsei University, Korea in 1996 and 2000, respectively. Since March 2004, he has been working in School of Mechanical Engineering of Kyungnam University, Korea. Since his research interests include mechanism design, kinematics, parallel robot applications, and collaborative robots.

C. Invited Lecture III



Abstract:

- Overview of research, application and manufacture of robots in Vietnam in the beginning of 21stcentury

- SWOT analysis and growth forecast of robotics market in Vietnam to 2020
- Policies and solutions to develop robotics industry in Vietnam in the period up to 2020.
- VIEbot: a humanoid robot from cooperation between Hanoi university of Science and Technology and Vietnam Institute of Electronics, Informatics and Automation.



December 1(FRI) 09:50 ~ 14:20[Chair : Young-Jin Moon]Professor Kang Hyun JoAffiliation: University of Ulsan, KoreaTitle : Vision based Intelligent Systems for Human
Supportive Technology

Abstract : Computer vision technology has been investigated for decades to search out the theoretical and application topics. Therefore it is widely challenged to use in the different fields as the real application solutions nowadays. In the presentation, it is outlined and considered the status of Vision based Intelligent Systems research and its some application widely tackled in the ICT(information communication technology) fields. While the IoT based technology is widely spoken recently, the computer vision-based technology still is major technology to lead the hot issues in the artificial intelligence and its application because of its straight forward and intuitive understanding in the predefined domains and its neighboring coverage. Here these belonging contents will be discussed and shown with some examples like intelligent surveillance system, vision application to autonomous driving car systems and robotic application for human supportive technology. In the presentation, some of the current research topics are also introduced with the real application.

Biography : Kanghyun Jo received the BS degree from Busan National University and MS and Ph.D from Osaka University, in 1989, 1993, 1997, respectively. He worked in ETRI (Electro-Telecommunication Research Center) as a Post-Doc. Research Fellow during 1997-1998. Since March of 1998, he has been with University of Ulsan, as a Faculty member, now as a Professor, in charging of an Intelligent Systems Lab.

He had served as the vice dean of e-Vehicle Graduate Institute during 2007-2009 and continuously the vice dean of College of Engineering during 2009-2011. He experienced as visiting Professor/Researcher Kyushu University and KIST during 2005-2006 and also in Oregon State University during 2008-2009 and UC Riverside during 2013-2014.

He has been also serving as a director of many societies, like ICROS (Institute of Control, Robotics and Systems), KMMS (Korean Multimedia Society), SICE (Society of Instrumentation and Control Engineers, Japan), as well as IEEE IES. He is currently contributing as an editorial member for a few renowned international journals, such as IJCAS(International Journal of Control, Automation and Systems) and TCCI (Transactions on Computational Collective Intelligence) or a guest editor of IEEE TII(Transactions on Industrial Informatics).

By now he has made a variety of contributions for organizing conferences and other academic gatherings, ICIC (International Conference on Intelligent Computing, since 2006),

ICCAS (International Conference on Control, Automation and Systems, since 2008), and ICCCI (International Conference on Computational Collective Intelligence, since 2010) as a steering member. He is currently serving as an AdCom member IEEE IES and managing IES Ulsan Chapter. He has published more than 200 peer-reviewed technical papers in the renowned journals, such as Springer Neurocomputing, IJCAS, IEEE Trans. Industrial Informatics and Trans. Industrial Electronics.

E. Invited Lecture V



December 1(FRI) 10:30 ~ 11:10[Chair : Balan Pillai]Professor Jang Myung LeeAffiliation: Department of Electronics Engineering, Pusan

National University, Korea

Title : Startup Time for Robots

Abstract: With the immerging technology of 4th industry innovation, it is time to make start up using the results of the robotics researches. It is definitely necessary to review several very successful robots in terms of technology and market to understand how the robotics has been changed with the current development of IT technologies. For this understanding, the basic component s of the intelligent robots have been discussed to see how they have been changed and in which direction they are required to be developed further, which may show the possible items for the start up. The robots are classified into five generations: 1.Industrial Robot, 2.Sensor-based Robot, 3.Intelligent Robot. 4.Self-energized Robot, and 5.Super-connected Robot. Currently, the 3rd generation robots are mostly mentioned and developed in the market. With the completion or success of the 3rd generation robots, the robotics industry will grow so rapidly that it pursues the 4th and 5th generation robots.

Bibliography: He is a Professor of Department of Electronics Engineering, Pusan National University, Koreasince 1992. Director for SPENALO National Robotics Research Center since 2009. Head of Division of Electrical & Electronics Engineering($2007 \sim 2010$). The Ph.D. degree (1990) in ComputerEngineering from the University of Southern California, Los AngelesUSA. The MS and BS degrees from Seoul National University in Korea (1982, 1980). He served as a president of Korean Robotics Society in 2010, and served several years as a vice-president of ICROS, IEIE. Now he is serving as a CRB of Korea Research Foundation.

Research areas: His research interestsinclude Design of Robotic Control System, Factory Automation System Design, Sensor Integrated Manufacturing, Computer Communication, Robotics, Integrated Manufacturing Systems, Intelligent Control, Localization. He haspublished 101papers in international journals, such as IEEE Transcation on Industrial Electronics, Image and Vision Computing, IEEE/ASME Transactions on Mechatronics, etc(SCIindexed).

F. Invited Lecture VI



December 1(FRI) 10:30 ~ 11:10 [Chair : Young-Im Cho]

Professor Young Jin Moon

Affiliation: Department of Anesthesiology and Pain Medicine, Laboratory for Cardiovascular Dynamics, Asan Medical Center, University of Ulsan College of Medicine, Seoul, Korea.

Title : Hospital-initiated development of medical robots: Intervention and rehabilitation robots in Asan Medical Center

Abstract: In current development of medical robots, the role of clinicians and tight collaboration of clinicians and engineers have been considered very important. As such examples, four medical robots developed or being developed by Biomedical Engineering Research Center, Asan Institute for Life Sciences, Asan Medical Center (AMC) are presented. Firstly, an image-based needle insertion intervention robot has been developed in accordance with clinical unmet needs found by radiologists. The robot focuses on complete biopsy procedure including the task of tissue sampling, which is totally different from the existing needle insertion robots that handle only one needle. The second is robotic catheterization system used in cardiovascular interventions. To overcome limitation of the commercialized products for robotic arrhythmia ablation, AMC's research consortium has attempted to use information and big data such as ablation trajectories recorded by a mapping system and to give variable stiffness to robotic sheath that guides steering of a catheter. The two others are rehabilitation robots: one is a rehabilitation robot based on bio-signal such as electromyography and electrocardiography, and the other is an attempt to apply artificial intelligence to lower-limb rehabilitation. For the later, clinical big data is being collected from clinical trials performed by seven clinical institutions. As the examples in AMC have shown, clinicians' participation in development of medical robots is expected to be expanded more and more.



December 1(FRI) 11:10 ~ 11:50[Chair : Young-Im Cho]Professor Soo Hee HanAffiliation: Department of Creative IT Engineering
Pohang University of Science and Technology,
Korea

Title: 3D mapping for localization of drones

Abstract : Drones are growing in popularity for their wide-ranging potential applications. The global drone market is expected to reach 5.5 billion dollar by 2020. While drones are popular and applied to a variety of areas, they have some rooms for improvement. Since drones are flown by operators and their batteries are also replaced or charged manually, it is a laborious and troublesome work to operate drones by hand for a long time. Additionally, we need to resolve some safety issues arising from communication interruption between an operator and a drone, and obstacle collision. In this regard, now is the time when an autonomous drone control system should be developed. In order to develop the autonomous drone control system, it is most important to achieve precise localization through 3 D perception technology. In this talk, we discuss how to construct high precision 3D maps for indoor and outdoor uses through LiDAR, composite sensors, and omnidirectional cameras. Indoor and outdoor localization systems based on composite 3D maps will be introduced together with real-time algorithms for aligning positions and directions among sensors, and estimating and compensating errors within sensors, with high precision GPS/INS integration technologies.

Biography : Soohee Han received his B.S. degree in electrical engineering from Seoul National University (SNU), Seoul, Korea in 1998. He received the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in School of electrical engineering and computer science from Seoul National University, Seoul, Korea, in 2000 and 2003, respectively. From 2003 to 2007, he was a researcher at the Engineering Research Center for Advanced Control and Instrumentation of SNU. In 2008, he was a senior researcher at the robot S/W research center. From 2009 to 2014, he was with the Department of Electrical Engineering, Konkuk University, Seoul, Korea. Since 2014, he has been with the Department of Creative IT Engineering, POSTECH, Pohang, Korea. He is an associative editor of IEEE Control Society and has been serving as a member of IFAC TC 6.3(Power and Energy Systems). Dr. Han has published more than 150 international journal/proceeding papers. He has also authored 5 technical books. His main research interests are in the areas of autonomous vehicles, smart grid systems, electric vehicles, cyber physical energy systems, computer aided control system design, distributed control system, time delay system, and stochastic signal processing.



December 1(FRI) 16:20 ~ 17:00[Chair : Soo-Hee Han]Professor Young Im ChoAffiliation: Faculty of Computer Engineering, Gachon University,South Korea

Title : Research of Intelligent IoT-Smart City Platforms

Abstract : Smart City platform have been developed in the city and national level. From Smart City, IoT is an important means to resolve current issues. Technical elements of the IoT is sensing, wired and wireless communications, network, service interfaces, big data, security etc.

Usually, Machine-to-Machine communications (M2M) is a phenomenon that has been proceeding quietly in the background. Current international standard was presented as a reference model in One M2M which is leading IoT. The four areas are IoT service-centric platform, data-centric platform, connectivity-centric platform, and device platform.

To avoid creation of competing M2M standards the 7 standards developing organizations, that publish telecom standards: TTC, ARIB (Japan), ATIS, TIA (USA), TTA (Korea) CCSA (China), ETSI (Europe) started the OneM2M Global Initiative to develop one globally agreed M2M Specification with initial focus on Service Layer. OneM2M aims to consolidate current M2M Service Layer standards activities such as ETSI TC M2M (Europe), TIA TR-50 (USA) and CCSA TC 10 (China), and to reduce standardization overlap and confusion and provide ongoing standards support to enhance interoperability, reduce market fragmentation, and improve security and reliability. (Ref: http://www.eclipse.org/proposals/technology.om2m/).

However, there is no international standardized IoT platform including data, service, connectivity and device, what is more there is no clear national standardized platform satisfy the reference model that is presented by oneM2M institute which is a leading organization to establish an international IoT standardized platform.

In this seminar, I am going to talk about some topics like following: IoT and Smart City basic, IoT International platform focusing on OneM2M reference model, components and model description for IoT platform. Thank you.

Biography: Professor Young Im Cho got bachelor's, master's, and doctoral degrees in Computer Science from Korea University in South Korea.She got Post-Doc. Degree at University of Massachusetts at 2000 in USA. Now she is Chiefs of AI and Smart City Laboratory at Gachon University, Korea-Kazakhstan ICT Cooperation Center and Intelligent Service Robot Automation System Society. She will be a Chief of Korea Intelligent and System Society from 2018. She was ex-committee member of National Information Strategy

Council under Korea President, and worked as a senior research at Samsung Electronics. She is a member of e-Government committee member in Korea Government. She was a visiting professor at Purdue University in USA from 2013 to 2014. She has published more than 300 publications including Journals, conferences. Also she has 13 text and reference books. She received a big medal from Korea Government at 2013, and 15 academic awards from academic societies. She is a member of more than 15 editorial boards of international journals and conferences. She is IEEE member, too. Her interesting areas are Artificial Intelligence, Smart City, Big data, Cloud Robot and e-Government and etc.

V. Young Outstanding Researcher

A. Young Outstanding Researcher



November 30(THU) 17:20 ~ 18:00[Chair : Seok-Jo Go]Professor Moon Hee Lee

Affiliation: Dong-Eui Institute of Technology, Korea

Title : Development and Application of Advanced Composite Materials

The development of composite materials has been accompanied by the development of metals, plastics and ceramics. Composite materials, which are materials to expand or replace existing materials, have been developed in the form of particle, fiber reinforcing or lamination structures, and are being applied to several industrial fields.

In the aerospace industry, the replacement of conventional aluminum and titanium alloys to carbon fiber-reinforced plastic composites (CFRRP) has been progressed to secure weight-saving with excellent mechanical property. This has been possible with decades of advancement in the mechanical properties of carbon fibers and cost-saving manufacturing processes of composite materials. In recent years, General Electrics (GE) Aviation has been expanding the application of composite materials to the development of a LEAP engine that uses a ceramic matrix composites (CMCs) instead of the conventional nickel-based superalloy as engine turbine components.

The application of composite materials in the energy field is also actively under consideration. In the design of International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor (ITER), the application of silicon carbide fiber reinforced silicon carbide composites (SiCf/SiC) with excellent nuclear properties has been studied for the future fusion energy sources. On the other hand, after the earthquake in Fukushima, OECD / National energy agency (NEA) has been emphasizing the safety of nuclear facilities and countermeasure against the accident scenarios such as station-blackout (SBO) and loss-of-coolant-accidents (LOCAs). As part of the development of accident tolerant fuel (ATF), the studies on application of SiCf/SiC composite materials instead of conventional Zirconium alloys to nuclear fuel cladding materials are under review.

In the fields of electric/electronic components, the integration technology and high power electronic components in LED, hybrid/electric vehicle has a problem of heat generation during operation causes degradation of system efficiency and performance. In order to solve this problem, the design and material research for high performance electronic packaging has been under consideration of heat dissipation. In the materials field, metal matrix composites (MMCs) has being actively researched for high performance heat-sink. MMCs that can enhance not only the thermal conductivity but also coefficient of thermal expansion

matching to the electronic substrate have been developed by reinforcing diamond powder, high thermal conductivity carbon fibers and carbon nanotubes in the conventional high thermal conductive copper or aluminum.

In the field of engine piston for automobiles, research on MMSs has also been actively carried out in order to improve the performance of conventional aluminum alloys. In order to achieve low density, high modulus and strength and suitable thermal expansion matching, attempts have been made to compose silicon carbide fibers, carbon nanotubes, or other ceramic fibers with conventional aluminum alloys.

In the recent development of the Industry 4.0, the role of the robotic system is much emphasized. In order to improve the performance of the robot system, such as weight- or energy-saving and operation in harsh environment, it is necessary to apply the materials based on the knowledge of various composites.

VII. Program Table

NOVEMBER 30th(THU.), 2017 [Oral Session]

Oral Session I [14:30 ~ 15:20] : Room 301

□ Oral S	Chair : Ehn-Joo Nah
14.2014.40	A Study on Autonomous Travelling Control of Direct Driving Robot with Two Driving
14:50~14:40	Min-Seong Kim1, Hyun-Woo Song2, Ehn-Joo Nah3, Sung-Hyun Han3
14.40-14.50	A Precise Control of Robot Manipulator with Eight D.O.F Based on Digital Signal Process
14:40~14:50	Hyun-Woo Song1, Jae-Hyung Kim2, Min-Seong Kim3, Woo-Song Lee4, Yeon-Guk Noh5
14.50~15.00	A Study on Robust Motion Control of Robot Arm Based on Neurel Network
14:50~15:00	Jae-Hyung Kim1, Min-Seong Kim2, Hyun-Min Kim3, Se-Han Lee4, Uhn-Joo Nah4, Sung-Hyun Han4
15:00~15:10	A Flexible Control of Robot Hand Fingers with Six Joints
	Dong-Hwa Jeong1, Min-Seong Kim2, Gi-Su Shin3, Se-Han Lee4
15:10~15:20	A Stable Walking Motion Control of Humanoid Robot with 24 Joints
	Hyun-Min Kim1, Min-Seong Kim2, Hyun-Woo Song3, Yang-Keun Jung4

Oral Session II [15:20 ~ 16:10] : Room 301

🗆 Oral Se	chair : Won–Sik Choi	
	Surface type broaching machine forced vibration analysis under normal cutting operation	
15:20~15:30	condition based on finite element method	
	Pandu Sandi Pratama1, Destiani Supeno2, Jae-Young Byun2, Joong Soon Lee3,	
	Jeong Hwan Jeong3, Won-Sik Choi2,#	
	The Characteristics of 4Mhz NDT Ultrasonic Transducer for Weld Quality Inspection of	
15:30~15:40	Spot Welding Robot	
	Eon Uck Kang1, Pandu Sandi Pratama2, Jae Young Byun1, Eun Suk Lee1,	
	Sung Won Chung1, Won Sik Choi1,#	
	The red ginseng vinegar fermentation manufacturing using "Uinkin"	
15:40~15:50	Se Ran Hwang, Destiani Supeno, Kwo Soon Hong, Chung Sung Won, Kwon Soon Goo,	
	Park Jong Min, Kim Jong Soon, Won Sik Choi	
	Improvement of the Life of the Electric Vehicle Carrier Reducer by the Finite Element Method	
15:50~16:00	Jae Young Byun1, Pandu Sandi Pratama2, Eun Suk Lee1, Chun Suk Park3,	
	Sung Won Chung1, Won Sik Choi1,#	
	Characteristics of Jujube Cherry Tomato Fermentation	
16:00~16:10	Destiani Supeno, Kwo Soon Hong, Chung Sung Won, Kwon Soon Goo,	
	Park Jong Min, Kim Jong Soon, Won-Sik Choi	

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NOVEMBER 30th(THU.), 2017 [Oral Session]

Oral Session III [16:30 ~ 17:20] : Room 301

🗆 Oral Se	Ession III Chair : Pandu Sandi Pratama		
	A Study on the tool for collecting insect pests from fruits trees		
16:30~16:42	Ji-Hee Woo1, Destiani supeno1, Keefe Dimas haris sean1, En-Suk Lee1, Mi-kyung Nam1, Can-yeol Cha2, Yeong-jo Moon2, Won-Sik Choi1*		
	Charactrtistics of Separation with Tofu and Tofu Container according to Water Temperature		
16:42~16:56	Eun Suk Lee1, Jae Young Byeon, Mi Kyung Nam , Ji Hee Woo1, Na Kyung Kim2, Kang Sam Lee3, Won Sik Choi1,		
16:56~17:08	Fermentation system and characteristics of natural fermented vinegar using lotus and stems		
	Mi Kyung Nam1,Eun-Suk Lee 1, Ji Hee Woo1, Jae-Young Byeon1,Won-Sik Choi1*		
	The change of plant and fluorescent lamp temperature in closed system cultivation		
17:08~16:20	Dimas Harris Sean Keefe1, Jaeyoung Byun1, Pandu Sandi Pratama2, Jeongyeol Cho3, Wonsik Choi1,#		

NOVEMBER 30th(THU.), 2017 [Poster Session]

Poster Session I [17:20 ~ 18:00] : Room 301

D Poster	Session I Chair : In-Man Park		
Poster 1	A Orientation Control of Vertical Articulated Robot Manipulator Based on Servoing Feedback in Working Space Hee-Jin Kim1, Woo-Song Lee2, Min-Seong Kim3, In-Man Park4 and Sung-Hyun Han5		
Poster 2	A Precise Position and Velocity Control of Vertical Type Robot Arm with Seven D.O.F Min-Seong Kim1, Min-Hyuck Choi2, Jeong-Suk Kang3, Nam-II Yoon3, Jong-Bum Won3, Sung-Hyun Han4		
Poster 3	A Stable Path Control of Robot Manipulator with 6 Joints for Forging Trimming Automation Min-Seong Kim1, Jong-Hun Kim1, Sung-Hun Noh2, Gi-Su Shin3, Jeong-Suk Kang4, Jong-Bum Won4and Sung-Hyun Han5		
Poster 4	A Study on Intelligent Control of Biped Robot for Smart Factory Un-Tae Ha1, Min-Seong Kim2, Byung-Suk Yoon3, Jung-Eup Gye4, Jong-Gyo Jung5 and Sung-Hyun Han6		
Poster 5	A Study on Intelligent Motion Control of Humanoid Robot for Smart Factory Min-Seong Kim1, In-Man Park2, Young-Hwa Jeong3, Sung-Hyun Han4		

Poster Session II [17:20 ~ 18:00] : Room 301

D Poster	Session II Chair : Yang-Geun Jeong
	A Study on Motion Control of Humanoid Robot for Human-Robot Interaction
Poster 1	Min-Seong Kim1, Byeong-Gap Moon2, Kyu-Hyun Jung3,
	Myeong-Hwan Park4, Ju-Jang Lee5and Sung-Hyun Han6
	A Study on Motion Control of Two Wheel Driving Mobile Robot by Voice Commend for
Poster 2	Smart Factory
	Gi-Hyun Kim1, Ho-Young Bae 2, Woo-Song Lee 3and Sung-Hyun Han4
	A Study on Precise Control of Mobile Robot with Dual-Arm
Poster 3	Woo-Song Lee1 Ki-Young Ko2, Ho-Young Bae3, Mun-Keun Cho4,
	Ki-Hyun Kim5, and Sung-Hyun Han6
	A study on Robust Control for Working of Humanoid Robot
Poster 4	A study on Robust Control for Working of Humanoid Robot
	Min-Seong Kimi, Woo-Song Leez, Hyun-Suk Sim3, Ho-Young Bae4, Sung-Hyun Hans
Poster 5	
	A study on walking Control of Biped Robot by Voice Command for FA
	Yang-Geun Jeong1, Min-Seong Kim2, Yeon-Guk Noh3, and Sung-Hyun Han4

Oral Session III [13:30 ~ 14:50] : Room 301

🗆 Oral S	ession III Chair : Jang-myung Lee	
13:30~13:46	6 DOF Manipulator Technology in ROS Environment	
	Dong-eon Kim1, Dong-ju Park1, Ki-seo Kim1, Jin-hyun Park1and Jang-myung Lee1*	
13:46~14:02	Edge Simplification Method for Stereo Images	
	Eun Kyeong Kim1, Hyunhak Cho2 Jongeun Park1and Sungshin Kim1*	
14:02~14:18	Inverse Kinematic Analysis of 5 DOF Manipulator using Numerical method	
	Jin Gon Yoon 1, Sun Oh Park 1, Min Gyu Jung1and Min Cheol Lee 1*	
14:18~14:34	Sliding Mode Control Of 2 Link Robotic Manipulator	
	Saad Jamshed1, Karam Dad1and Min Cheol Lee1*	
14:34~14:50	Utilizing air pressure sensor for detecting of object	
	Jin-hyun Park1, Tae-eon Kim1, Ki-seo Kim1, Dong-eon Kim1, and Jang-myung Lee1*	

Oral Session V [13:30 ~ 14:50] : Room 600A

Oral Session V Chair : Kang-Hyr			
13:30~13:50	Analysis of Traffic Sign Classification using Multiple Image Preprocessing Methods Qing Tang1 and Kang-Hyun Jo2		
13:50~14:10	Exploiting Different Shape Features for Fall Action Classification Sowmya Kasturi1 and Kang-Hyun Jo2		
14:10~14:30	Vehicle Contour Segmentation Using 3D Point Cloud Yang Yu1, Laksono Kurnianggoro1, Kang-Hyun Jo2		
14:30~14:50	Human Pose Estimation from Images Using Convolution Neural Networks Hoang Van Thanh1 and Kang-Hyun Jo2		

Oral Session VI [15:00 ~ 16:20] : Room 301

□ Oral Session V Chair : Jang-Sik I			
15:00~15:20	Video Based People Counting with Pedestrian Detection and Tracking Husnu Baris Baydargil, Jangsik Park and Keumyoung Son		
15:20~15:40	Features of Joint Relative Distance Based Gait Analysis on Human Identification in 3D Environment Omer Faruk Ince1, Ibrahim Furkan Ince1, Jang Sik Park1*, Jong Kwan Song1		
15:40~16:00			
16:00~16:20			

December 1st(FRI.), 2017 [Poster Session]

Poster Session I [15:00 ~ 15:40] : Room 301

□ Poster	Session I Chair : Woo-So	ng Lee	
Poster 1	A Study on the Path Planning and Control of Robot Manipulator with Six Molding and Forging Process Automation Min-Seong Kim1, Geo-Seung Choi2, Byung-Seuk Yoon3, Jong-Bum Won4, Sung-Hy	Joint for yun Han5	
Poster 2	Intelligent Control of Mobile-Manipulator Robot by Voice Command for Smart Factory Yang-Keun Jeong 1* , Min-Seong Kim 2 , Hui-Jin Kim 3 , Woo-Song Lee 4 , Yeon-Guk Noh 5 , Geo-Seung Choi 6 , In-Man Park 7 Jang-Sik Park 8 and Sung-Hyun Han 9		
Poster 3	A Study on Robust Control of Robot Gripper Based on Pressure Sensors for Marking Automation Process Min-Seong Kim 1 , Jeong-Seok Kang 2 , Jong-Dae Won 3 ,Sung-Hyun Han 4 ,Han-Sung Kim 4		
Poster 4	A Study on Accurate Motion Control of Mobile Robot with Dual-Arm Yang-Geun Jeong 1, Gi-Su Shin 2, Min-Seong Kim 2, In-Man Park 3, Sung-Hy	'un Han 4	

Poster Session | [15:00 ~ 15:40] : Room 301

□ Poster	Session II Chair : Hyun–Suk Sim
Poster 1	A Real-Time Control for Precise Walking of Biped Robot Jeong-Chul Moon 1 , In-Man Park 2 ,Sung-Hyun Han 3
Poster 2	A Robust Neural Network Control of Robot Manipulator for Industrial Application Eun-Taek Ju 1 , Woo-Song Lee 2,Sung-Hyun Han 3
Poster 3	A Study on Grasping Control of Hand Fingers 12 Joints Jae-Jong Kim 1 , In-Man Park 2 , Hyun-Suk Sim 3, Sung-Hyun Han 4
Poster 4	A Study on Intelligent Control of Bipped Robot by Voice Command Chang-Keun Oh 1 , Woo-Song Lee 2, Sung-Hyun Han 3

Poster Session II [15:00 ~ 15:40] : Room 301

\square Poster	Session	III Chair : Eun-Tae Ha
Poster 1	A Study on	Real-Time Control of Intelligent Robot with Three Wheel Moon-Kuen Cho 1 , In-Man Park 2, Sung-Hyun Han 3
Poster 2	A Study on	Robust Control of Robot Manipulator for Industrial Application In-Kyun Yoon 1 ,Woo-Song Lee 2, Sung-Hyun Han 3
Poster 3	A Study on	Robust Motion Control of Humanoid Type Robot for Cooperative Working Ki-Young Ko 1 , Eun-Tae Ha 2, Sung-Hyun Han 3
Poster 4	A Study on Ho-Young E	Stable Control of Intelligent Robot with Dual Arm for Cooperation working Bae 1 , Yang-Keun Jeong 2 , Woo-Song Lee 3 , In-Man Park 4, Sung-Hyun Han 5

Poster Session III [15:00 ~ 15:40] : Room 301

D Poster	Session IV	Chair : Yang-Geun Jeong
Poster 1	A Study on Travelling Control of Humanoid Type Mo Se-Bin Park1,	bile Robot with Three Wheel In-Man Park 2and Sung-Hyun Han3
Poster 2	A Travelling Control of Mobile Robot Based on Sonar Jae-Sang Kim1 Yang-Keun Jeong2 Jon	r Sensors g Bum Won3 and Sung-Hyun Han4
Poster 3	A Precise Position Control of Robot Manipulator with Taek-Jong Nam1 Yang-Keun Jeong2, Jong Bum Won3, H	Eight Joints Hyun-Cheol Lee4 and Sung-Hyun Han5
Poster 4	A Stable Control of Legged Robot Based on Ultrason Seong-Gyu Par	ic Sensor k1, Eun-Tae Ha2 and Sung-Hyun Han3

Poster Session IV [15:40 ~ 16:20] : Room 301

D Poster	Session V	Chair : In-Man Park
Poster 1	A Study on Grasping Control of Robot Hand with 12 Joints Chang-Young Lee1, Yang-Keur	n Jeong2and Sung-Hyun Han3
Poster 2	A Study on Intelligent Control of Humanoid Robot with Voice recognition Min-Hwan Lee1, Woo-Song Lee 2and Sung-Hyun Han3	
Poster 3	A Study on Robust Control of Articulated Robot Arm with Se Hee-Jin Kim1, Sung-Cheo	e ven Joints ol Jang2, and Sung-Hyun Han3
Poster 4	A Study on Robust Control of Robotic Hand with 14 Joints f Young-Tae Back1, Yang-Keu	or cooperate Working n Jeong2and Sung-Hyun Han3

December 1st(FRI.), 2017 [Poster Session]

Poster Session IV [15:40 ~ 16:20] : Room 301

D Poster	Session	VI	Chair : Woo-Song Lee
Poster 1	A Study on	Robust Voice Control of Biped Robot for Coc Seong-Ju Choi1, Jong-Dae Won2, Woo-	operate working Song Lee 3, and Sung-Hyun Han4
Poster 2	A Study on Stable Walking Control of Mobile Robot with Dual Arm Hyung-Tae Lee1, Yang-Keun Jeong2, Woo-Song Lee3, In-Man Park4, and Sung-Hyun Han5		
Poster 3	A Study on Visual Feedback Control of Articulated Robot Arm with Seven Joints Ki-Hyun Kim1 , Hyun-Suk Sim2and Sung-Hyun Han3		